

Overview of Ice Nucleating Particle Findings from CAESAR and ARCSIX

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Arctic Workshop 6-2-2026

NSF Cold Air outbreak Experiment in the Sub-Arctic Region (CAESAR)

- NCAR RAF C-130
- February-April 2024
- Lead PI's
 - Paquita Zuidema (University of Miami)
 - Bart Geerts (University of Wyoming, soon NCAR RAF)
 - Greg McFarquhar (University of Oklahoma)



NASA Arctic Radiation Cloud Aerosol Surface Interaction Experiment (ARCSIX)

- NASA Wallops P3, NASA Langley G3, Spec Leerjet
- May-June and July-August 2024
- Lead PI Sebastian Schmidt (CU Boulder)

Both Measured:

In situ aerosol, INP, cloud microphysics, remote sensing

The rest of the CSU Team:

Bo Chen

Ryan Patnaude (now at NOAA)

Kevin Barry

Camille Mavis

Drew Juergensen

Oren Dutton

Jessie Creamean

Paul DeMott

Sonia Kreidenweis

Lots of instrument PI's for both campaigns!



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Recent field campaigns aim to close the gaps by providing ground and airborne INP observations



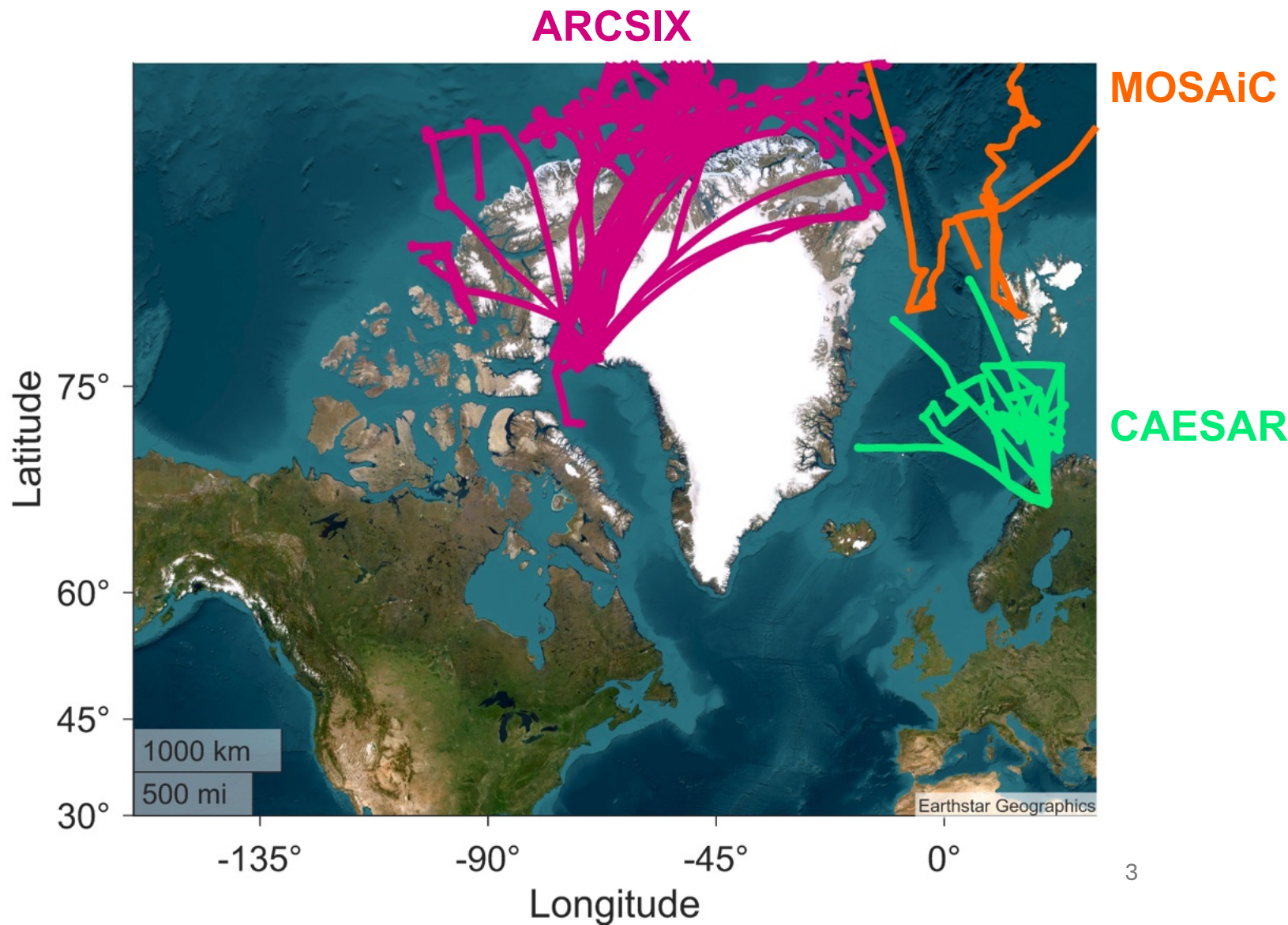
May-June
July-August
2024



October 2019-
September
2020



February-April
2024



Primary Ice Production (PIP)

Let's stick with the mixed-phase temperature regime for now!

0 to ~ -38 °C

All primary ice is from heterogeneous nucleation (you need an INP)

Kanji, Z. A.; Ladino, L. A.; Wex, H.; Boose, Y.; Burkert-Kohn, M.; Cziczo, D. J.; Krämer, M. Overview of Ice Nucleating Particles. *Meteorological Monographs* **2017**, 58, 1.1-1.33.

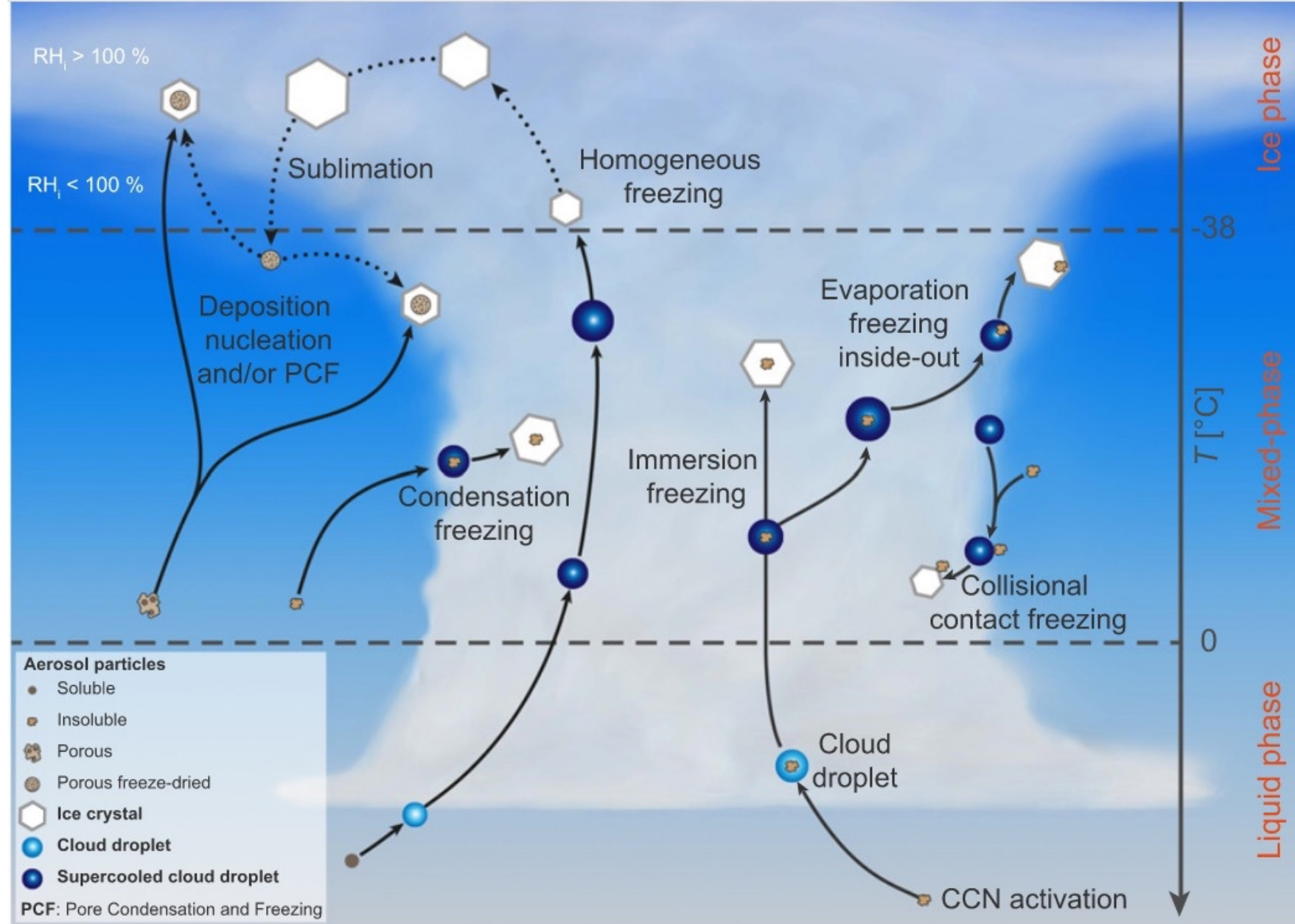


FIG. 1-1. Schematic depicting known primary ice nucleation pathways possible in the atmosphere.

Secondary Ice Production (SIP)

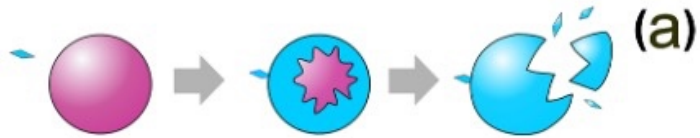
SIP processes may not be well parameterized or understood.

It is likely there are SIP processes we are missing entirely!

SIP depends on PIP, we still need good INP characterization.

Warm-freezing INPs may be particularly important for SIP.

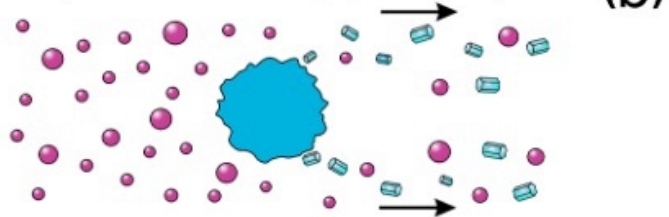
Droplet fragmentation during freezing



Ice fragmentation during thermal shock



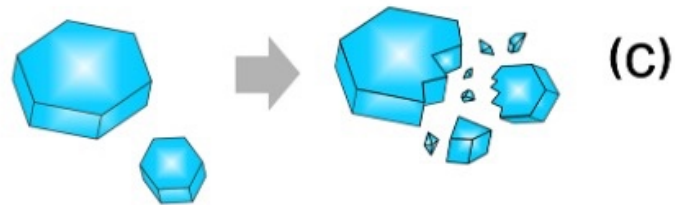
Splintering during riming (Hallett-Mossop process)



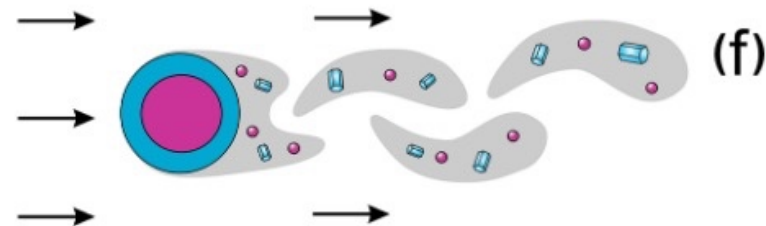
Fragmentation during sublimation



Fragmentation during ice-ice collision

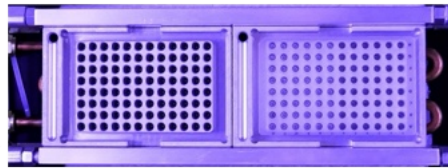
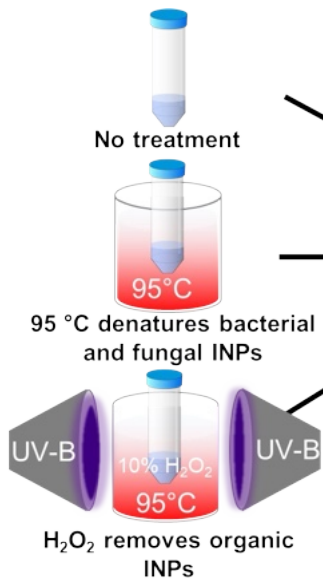
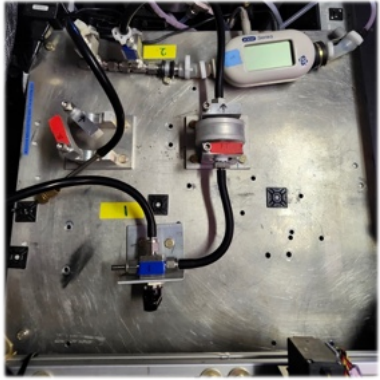


Activation of INPs in transient supersaturation



INP Sampling Strategies

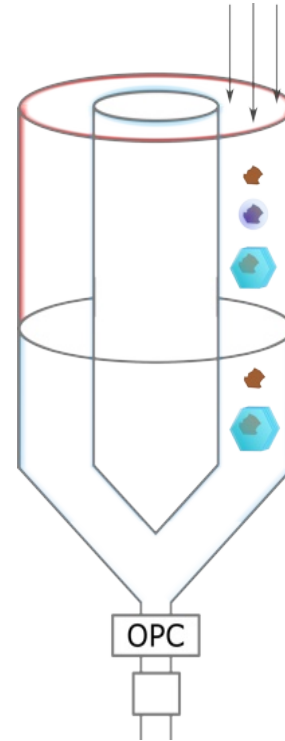
Offline



Cool in Ice Spectrometer to -28°C to detect and count INPs

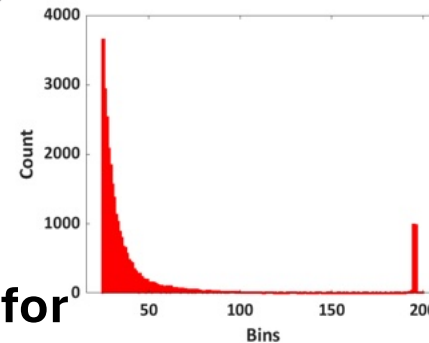
Online

Aerosol Flow



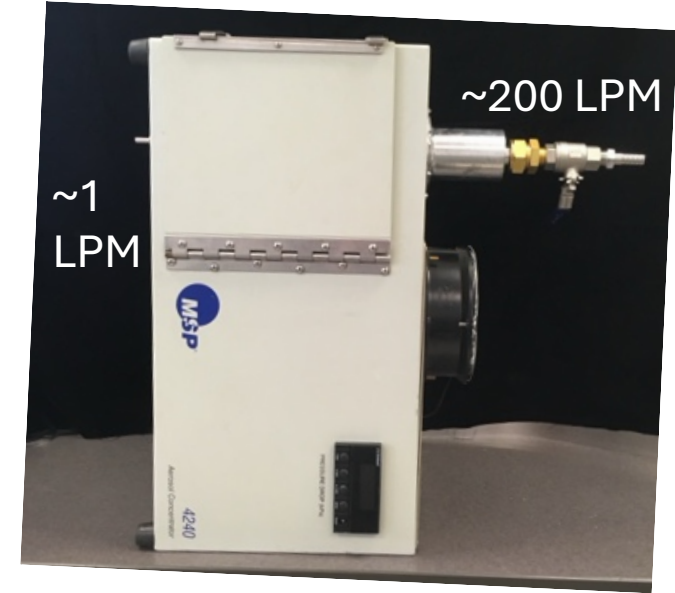
Droplet Activation
Ice Nucleation

Droplet Evaporation



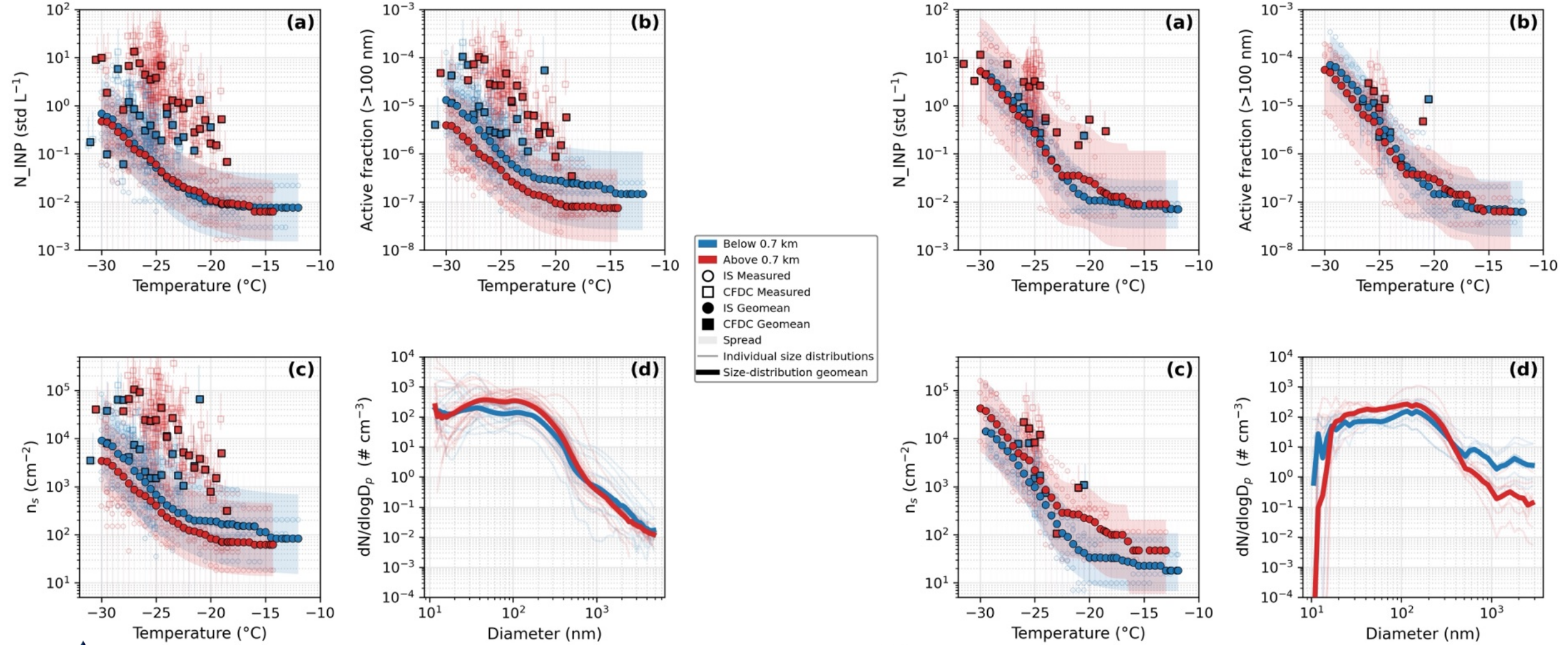
Collection for
Offline Analysis

Upstream Aerosol Concentrator



Altitude dependence and Aerosol

Normalizations

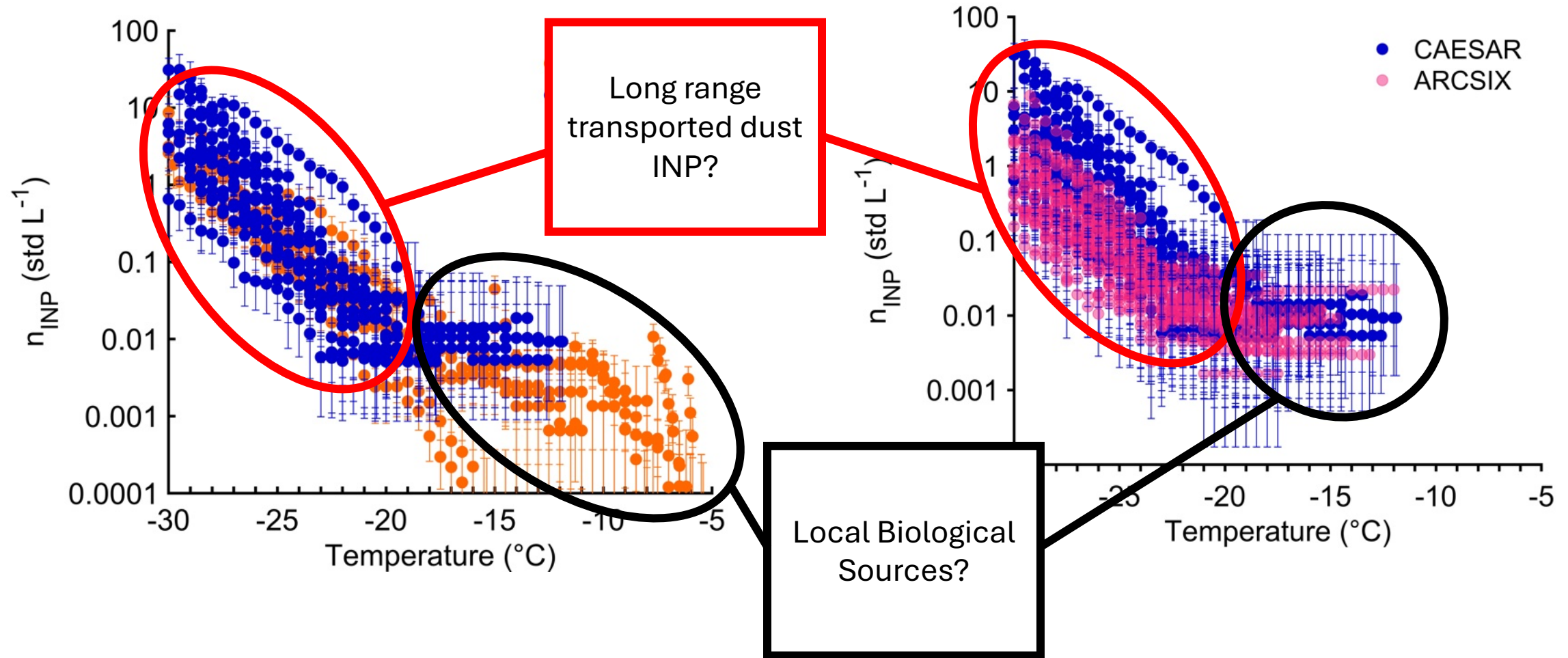


Strong Altitude Dependence
 -> Long range transport?

Weak Altitude Dependence
 -> Local sources? Mixing?



CAESAR INP concentrations agree well with MOSAiC, on the higher end of ARCSIX measurements

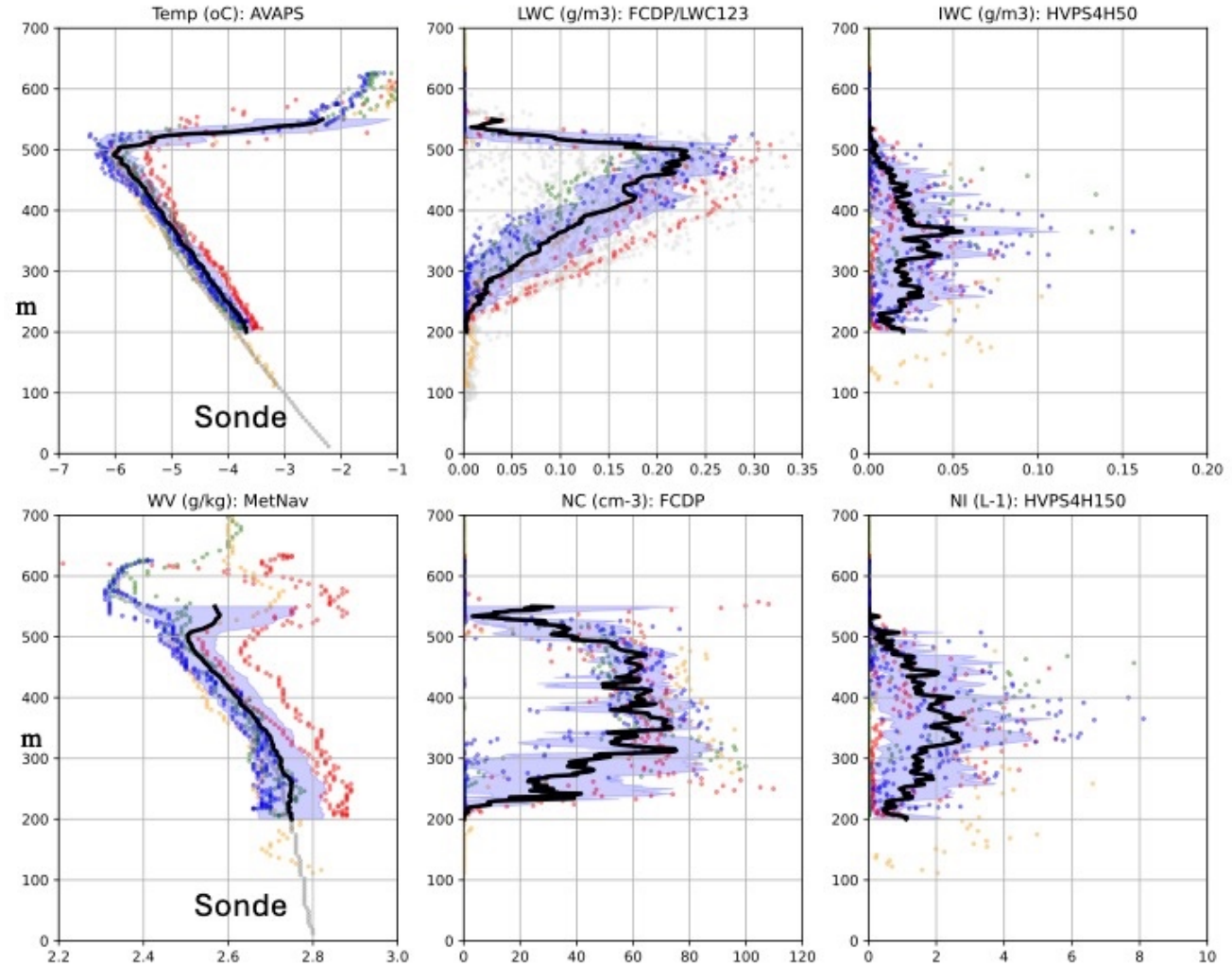
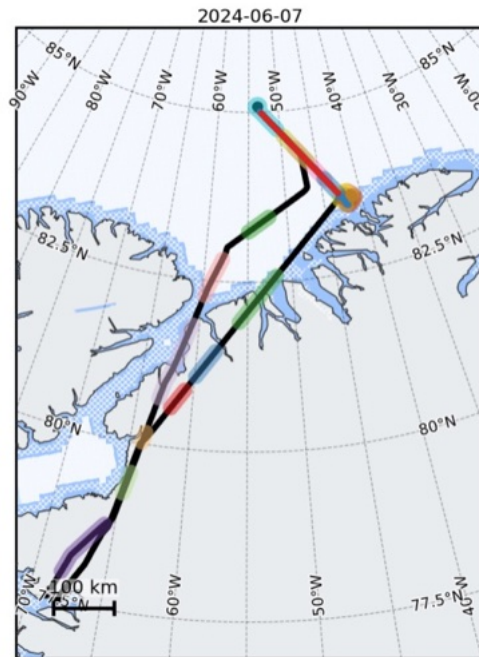


ARCSIX Cloud Wall Case



Analysis from ARCSIX Aerosol Working Group

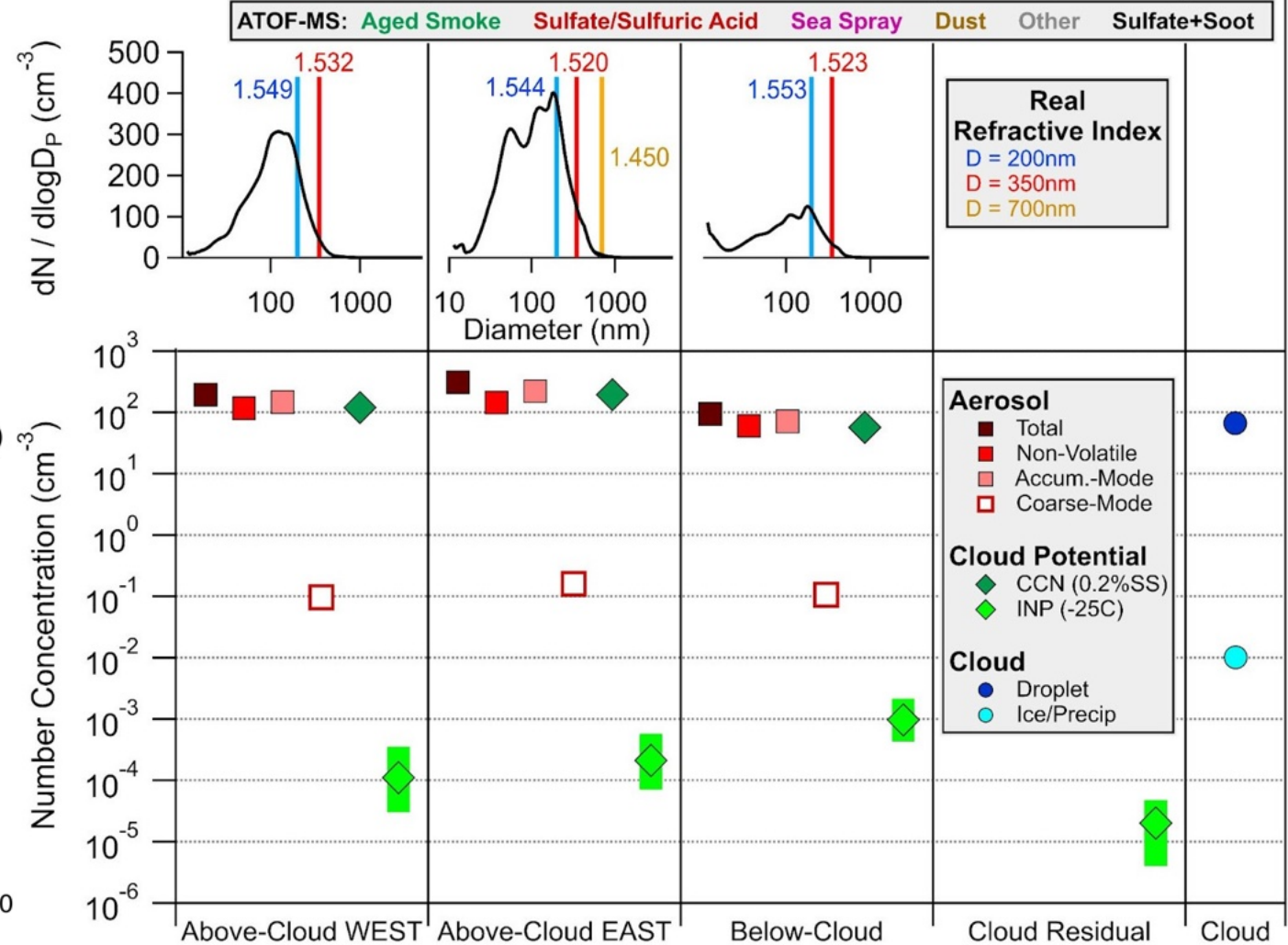
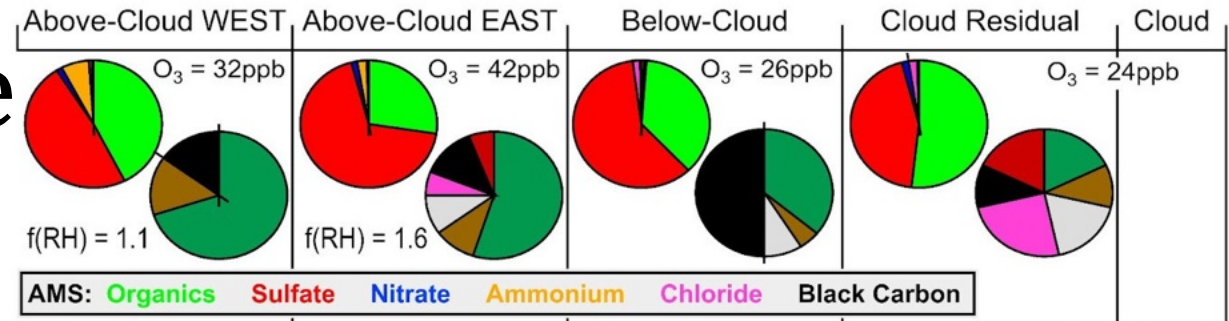
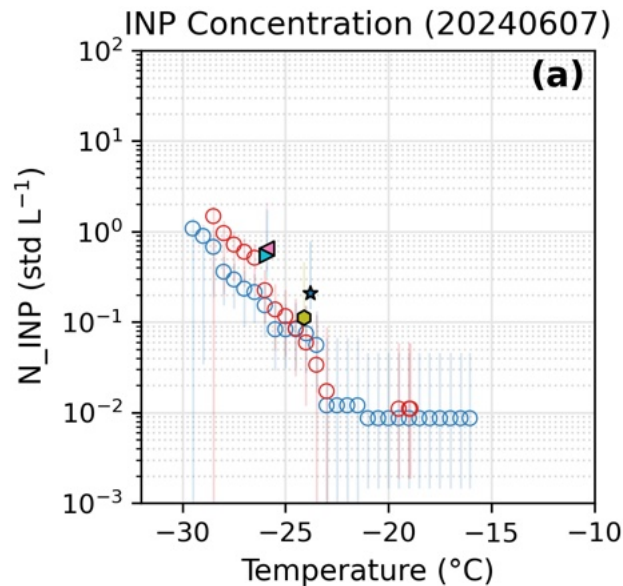
- Cloud wall sampling was performed with P3 legs above-, in-, and below- cloud, and co-located G3 overflights.
- The cloud temperature is ~ -6 to -4 °C, and is mostly liquid but with a significant quantity of ice.
- No evidence of riming, poor conditions for known SIP mechanisms.



ARCSIX Cloud Wall Case

Analysis from ARCSIX Aerosol Working Group

- Online INP measurements in green at ~ -25 C are:
- Highest below-cloud, despite lower aerosol concentration, but still 10x lower than ice crystal concentrations!
- INP depletion in cloud through precipitation removal? Or too small to activate as drops.
- Good agreement between online and offline samples.
- Will be $\sim 3-6$ orders of magnitude lower at the appropriate cloud temperature!

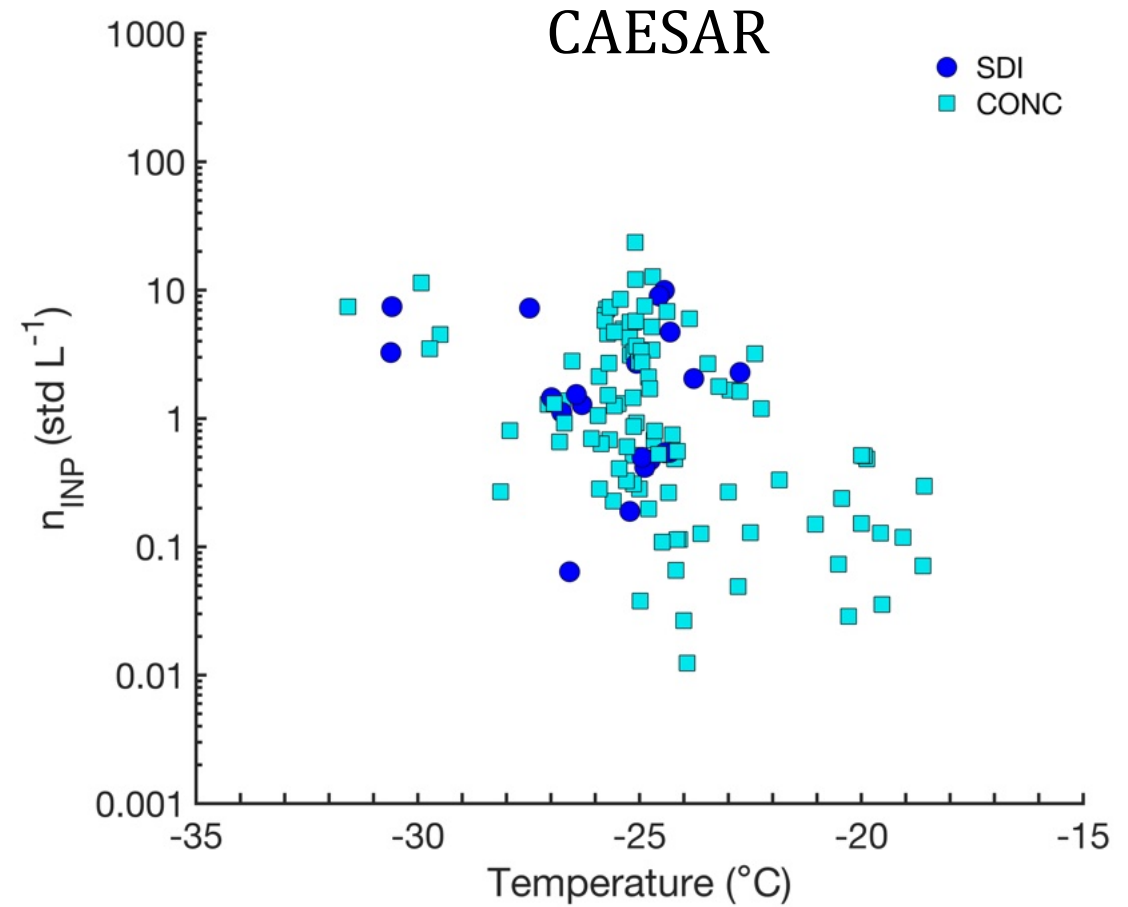
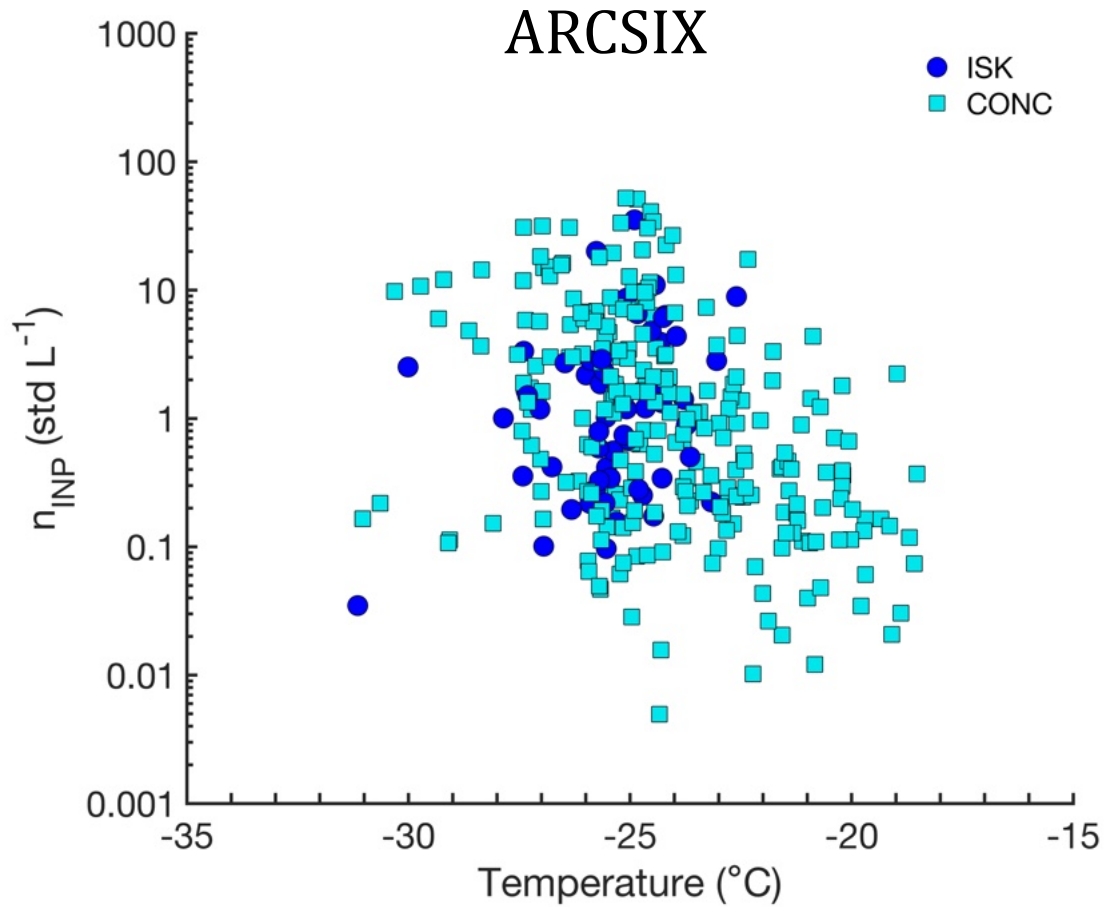


CAESAR and ARCSIX Conclusions

- INPs from polar aircraft measurements agree well with previous surface-based MOSAiC measurements
- Enhancements below or above cloud were flight dependent
- The detected low-temp INPs appear mostly mineral from treatment spectra – but not tied to bulk aerosol measurements.
- Strong evidence of SIP in low-level Arctic clouds, mechanism unknown.



Improvements in INP measurements with concentrator



Improvements in INP measurements with concentrator

